

Taller Regional sobre Contabilidad del Capital Natural com Énfasis em las Cuentas del Agua

Natural Capital: some information about Brazil

17 to 19 December, 2014

San José / Costa Rica





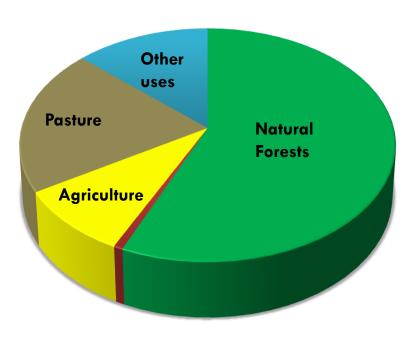


- Introduction on Natural Capital Accounts (NCA)
 - Relevant issues and specifics
- Policy questions
 - Relevant policy questions; have the accounts been used in policy?
- Key findings from the accounts and how the accounts can help
 - Key findings or future plans and how the accounts can provide relevant information; The accounts as a tool to link to macroeconomic policies, PES schemes, etc.
- Challenges for institutionalization and producing accounts
 - Discuss various policies in the past and how the accounts could have helped; If accounts are institutionalized, what was that process? If not, what do you see as steps towards institutionalization.
- Next steps
 - What are the plans for NCA in the future?
 - What are the key accounts to be developed or improved?

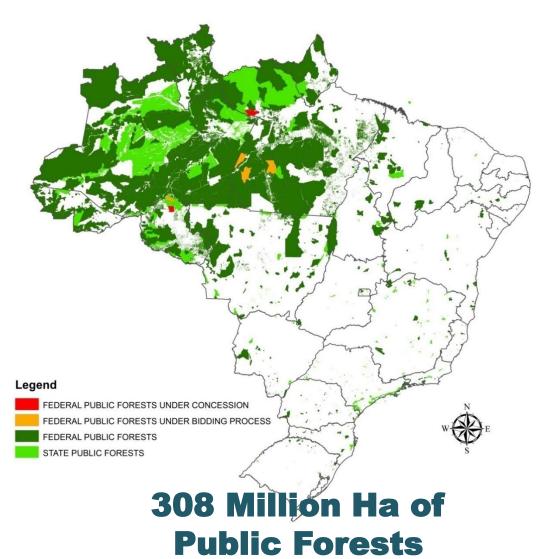
LAND USE IN BRAZIL



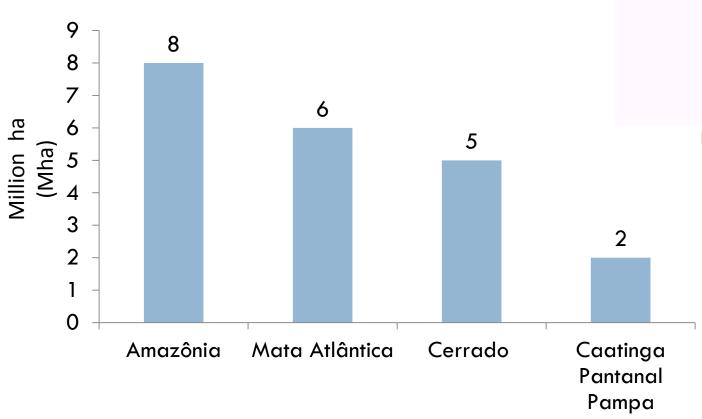
Forests occupy more than 54% of the total area of the country.



Plantation forests



Restore demand in each biome (applying Forest Code 2012)





Total = 21 Mha

adaptado de Soares-Filho, B. S., 2013.



CARACTERIZAÇÃO E DESAFIOS REGIONAIS

- Vazão de retirada total: 64.560 hm3/ano
 - ☐ 54% Irrigação
 - □ 23% Humano
 - □ 17% Indústrias
 - □ 6% Animal
- Área Irrigada: 6,05 milhões de ha
- Geração por hidrelétricas: 415.342
 GWh/ano
- População urbana atendida por sistema de abastecimento de água: 93,20%
- População atendida por sistema de coleta de esgoto: 58,80%
- Índice tratamento esgoto coletado: 69,40%
- Índice tratamento esgoto gerado: 40,80%
- Qualidade das águas (IQA):
 - □ 82% ótima ou boa
 - □ 18% regular, ruim ou péssima



Policymix: economic instruments in Brazil

IN PLACE / ONGOING

Environmental compensation schemes (infrastructure projects)

Environmental funds (Fundo Amazônia & FUNBIO)

State and Municipal PES Laws and schemes

Green procurement

Forest allowance programs (Bolsa Floresta and Bolsa Verde)

Payment for water resources use (US\$154 mi / year)

National Accountability of Natural Capital (SEEA-Water)

PERSPECTIVES / ON STUDY

Federal PES Law

Green Infrastructure Bonds

Tradable conservation certificates (Native Veg Protection Law)

Paying for ES of Protected Areas for providing hydroenergy and water supply.

Amazon Ecosystem Services Valuation Study – World Bank



System of Environmental Economic Accounting (UN)

- SEEA-Water Project
 (IBGE/MMA/ANA): consolidation of
 first water statistics using UN method
 (stocks and flows)
- SEEA-Forest: first steps (National Forest Inventory)
- SEEA-Energy: first steps (Energetic National Balance)



Brazilian Natural Capital Initiative

The purpose of *EEB Brazil* is to identify and highlight the economic benefits derived from the conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity and ecosystem services in the country, as well as to evaluate the costs of their losses

- Coordinating Comitte: Articulation with National Biodiversity Strategy and Action Plan (NBSAP), the National Commission for Knowledge and Use of Biodiversity (CONABIO) and network researches
 - Working Group EEB for National Policy Makers (Ministries)
 - TEEB Regional and Local Project (Focused on small and mediumsize companies)
 - TEEB for Business (Focused on large corporations)

Challenges for institutionalization and producing accounts

- Steps towards institutionalization
 - Sensibilization
 - Coordination
- Challenges for producing accounts
 - System of Environmental/Water Statistics
 - Data collection strategy
 - Use for SDG and Pos2015 Agenda

Next steps

- What are the plans for NCA in the future?
- What are the key accounts to be developed or improved?
 - Water (ANA, IBGE, MMA)
 - Forest (SFB, SBF/MMA e IBGE)
 - Land use and land use change (IBGE)



Obrigado

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