- **FARMC** - Clean-up of lake for the use of future generations
- **PRA** - will account for the viability of development of the lake for some reclamation projects which could mitigate flooding and create additional valuable land assets for the government
- **PCG** - prioritize sensitive areas for protection; enable them to implement the law/regulations more effectively
• **NAPOCOR** – concrete basis for prioritizing management initiatives and budget allocation
• **SEAFDEC** – provide direction for appropriate research areas for aquaculture and aquatic ecology
• **BFAR** – fisheries resource assessment verification in LDB including volume of catch in each major landing site
• **LLDA** – can help account for the ecosystem and its present value, for more effective and efficient management of the LDB region
NIA – identification of farmer beneficiaries and service areas along LDB; facilitate effective use of irrigation water; promote awareness assistance to implementing agencies to farmer beneficiaries along LDB

MWSS – water quality improvement; promotion of integrated approach to wastewater management; rationalization of raw water fee and discharge fee
• **Maynilad** – prudent usage of water resources; valuation of key impacts and identification of responsibilities

• **Manila Water** - strengthen justification for expanding integrated watershed management; implementation of Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA); justify budgets for management by regulators; justifies one land use option over another; spreads cost of responsibility not just to private sector but other resource users
Perceived “Negative” impact of WAVES

- Potential to introduce new “fees/taxes”
- Environmental users fee
- Added component to water tariff due to raw water price
- Forced reduction in the utilization of LDB resource depending on outcome of WAVES