

# Basic Geo-processing Operations

## GIS and SedNet Training



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# Outline of presentation

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1. Learning Outcomes
2. ArcGIS and Data formats
3. Geo-processing and some of its most impt. tools
4. Summary



# Learning outcome:

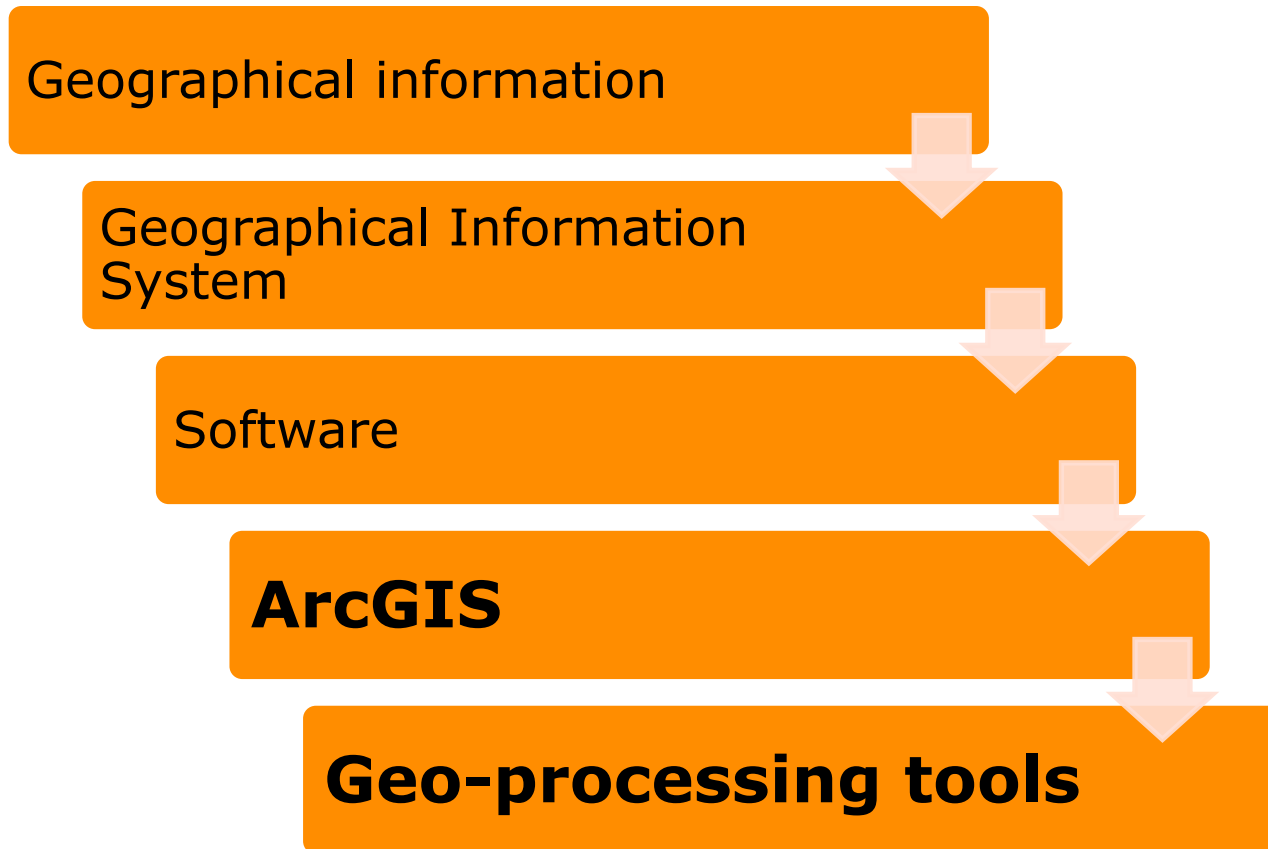
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1. Familiarize in the data formats in GIS
2. Define Geo-processing
3. Familiarize the geo-processing tools needed in the GIS operations
4. Be able to perform geo-processing



# ArcGIS

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# ArcGIS

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- is a geographic information system (GIS) for working with maps and geographic information
- It is used for
  - creating and using maps
  - compiling geographic data
  - analyzing mapped information
  - sharing and discovering geographic information
  - using maps and geographic information in a range of applications
  - and managing geographic information in a database.



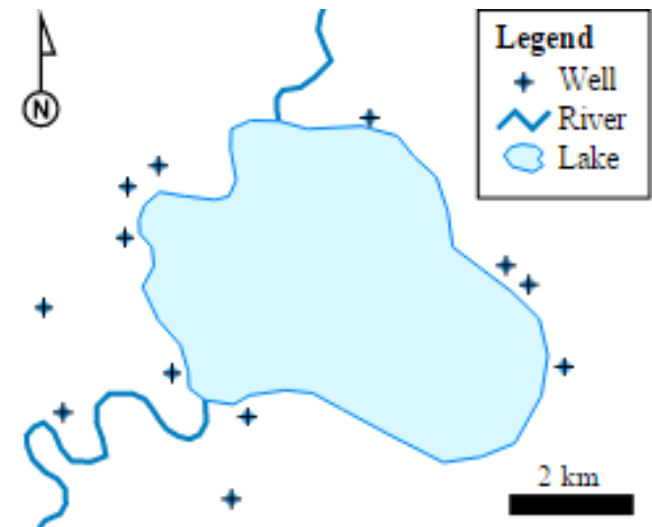
# Data Formats

## Raster Data

- a raster consists of a matrix of cells (or pixels) organized into rows and columns (or a grid) where each cell contains a value representing information, such as temperature.
- Rasters are digital aerial photographs, imagery from satellites, digital pictures, or even scanned maps.

## Vector data

- Points (x, y) coordinates
- Lines (x1,y1 to x2, y2)
- Polygons - area or surface



# Geo-processing

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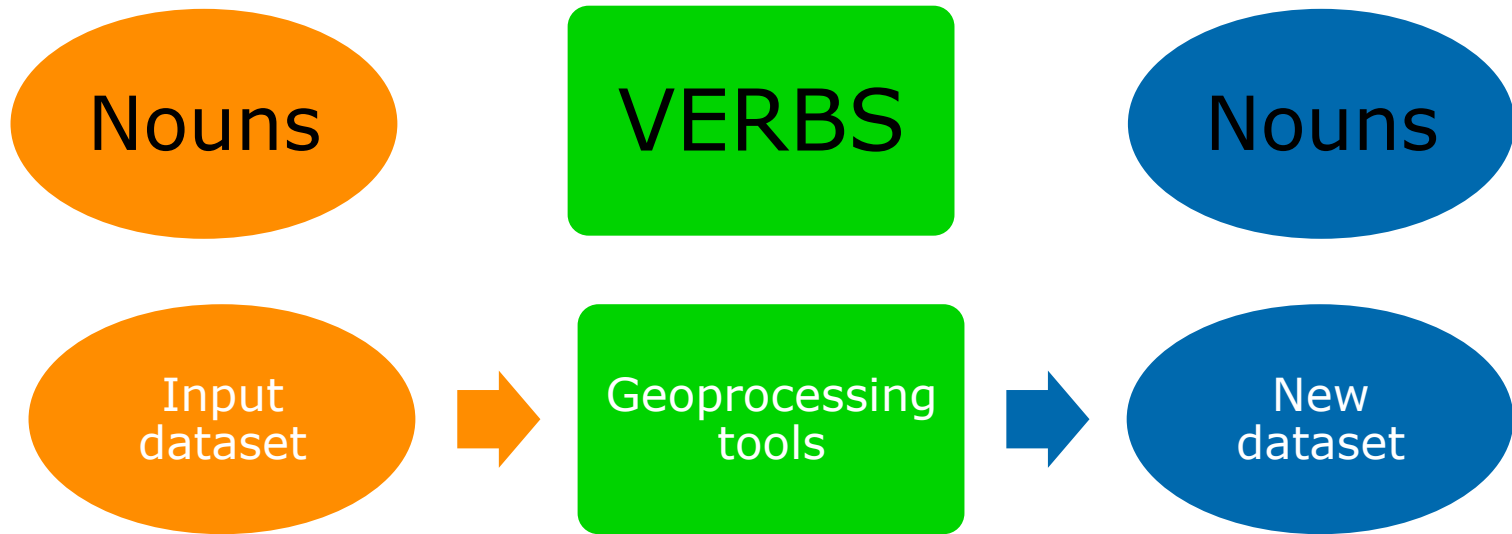
## Geo-processing

- a GIS operation used to manipulate spatial data.
- Sole purpose is to automate GIS tasks (mundane and redundant operations)



- Geoprocessing allows for definition, management, and analysis of information used to form decisions

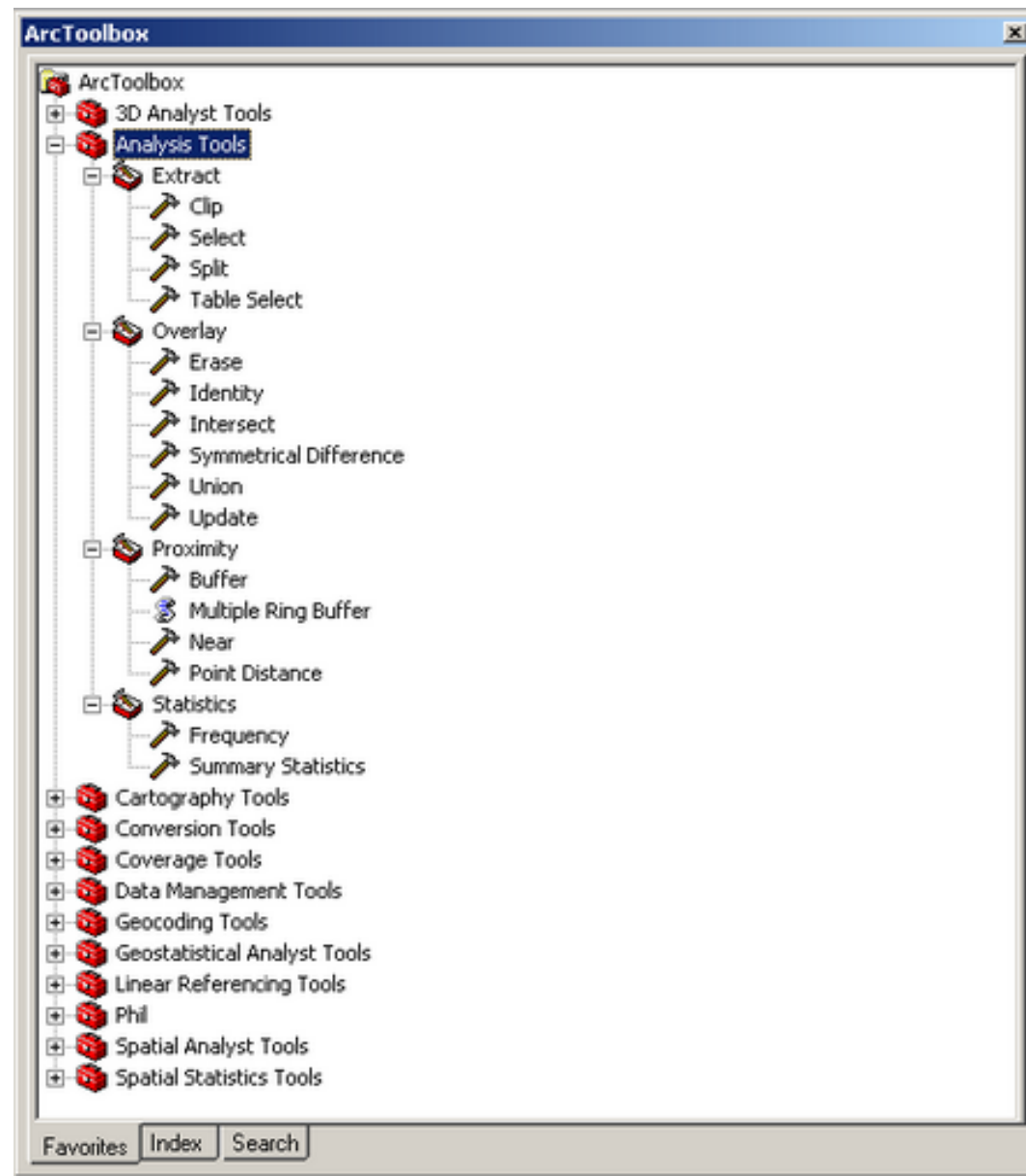
# Geo-processing tools



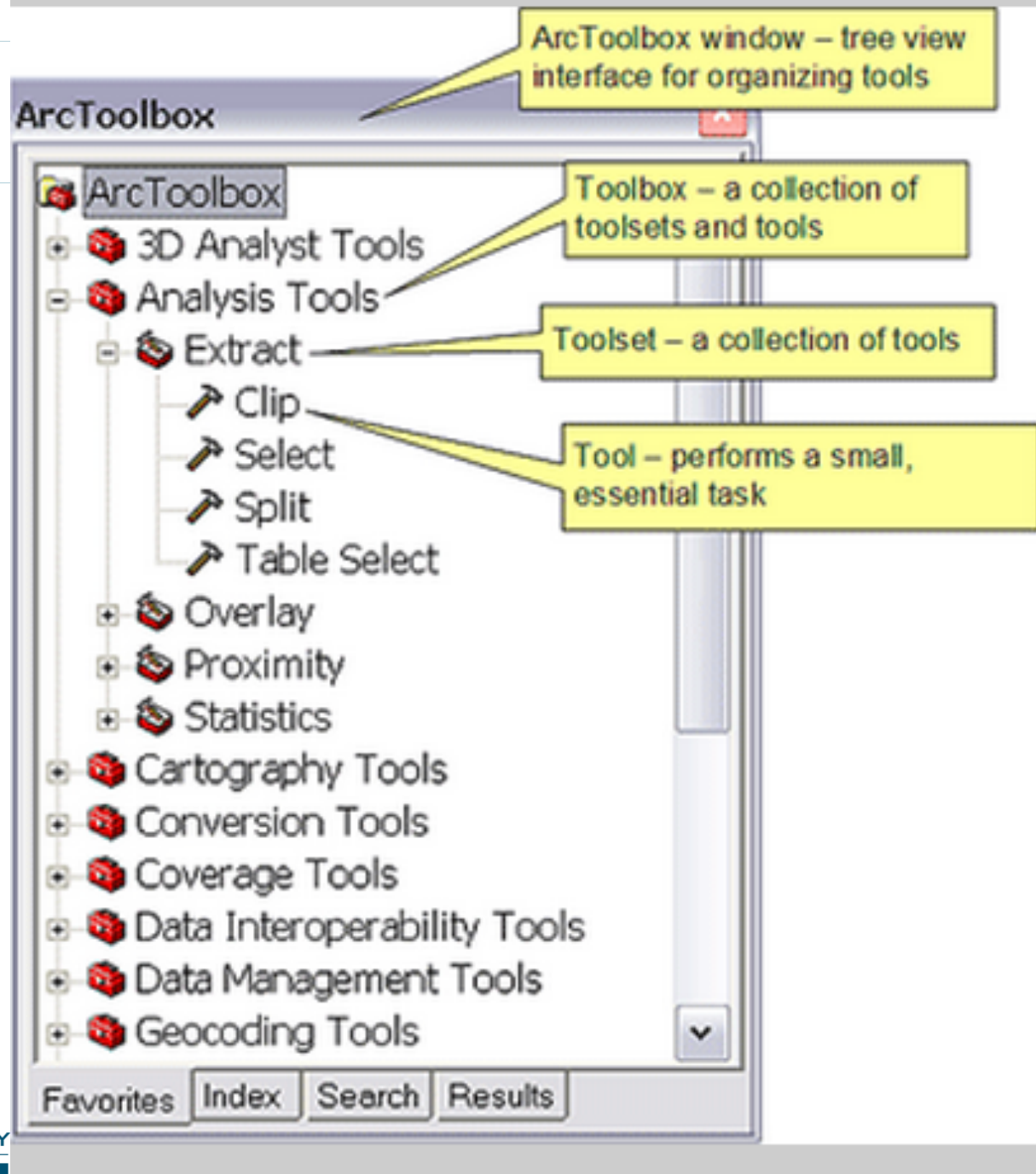


# Important geo-processing tools:

- Project
- clipping/masking
- -intersecting
- -buffering
- Attribute table operation
- -data manipulations
- -calculations
- -import/export



# ArcToolbox



# *... Important geo-processing tools:*

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## Project (Data Management)

- Projects spatial data from one coordinate system to another.
- This allows you to specify the data's coordinate system **without** having to modify the input data

## Define Projection (Data Management)

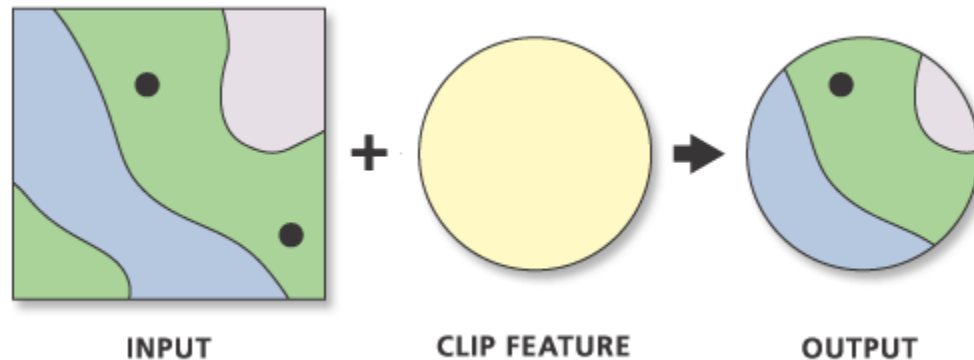
- **permanently** overwrites the coordinate system information (map projection and datum) stored with a dataset



## ... *Important geo-processing tools:*

### Clip (Analysis)

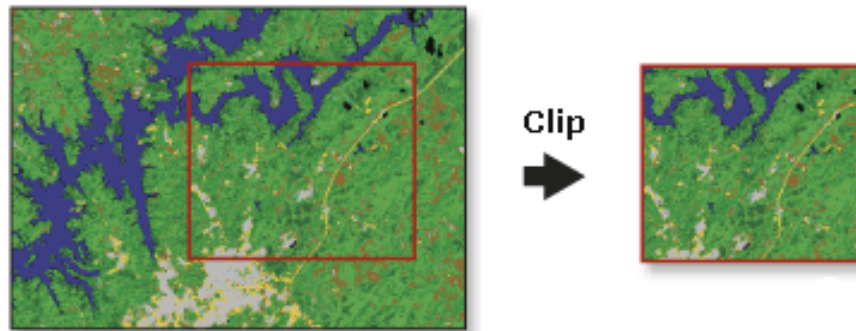
- Extracts input features that overlay the clip features
- Use this tool to cut out a piece of one feature class using one or more of the features in another feature class as a cookie cutter



# *... Important geo-processing tools:*

## Clip (Data Management)

- Creates a spatial subset of a raster, including a raster dataset, mosaic dataset, or image service layer.
- This tool allows you to extract a portion of a raster dataset based on a template extent



# ... *Important geo-processing tools:*

## Extract by Mask (Spatial Analyst)

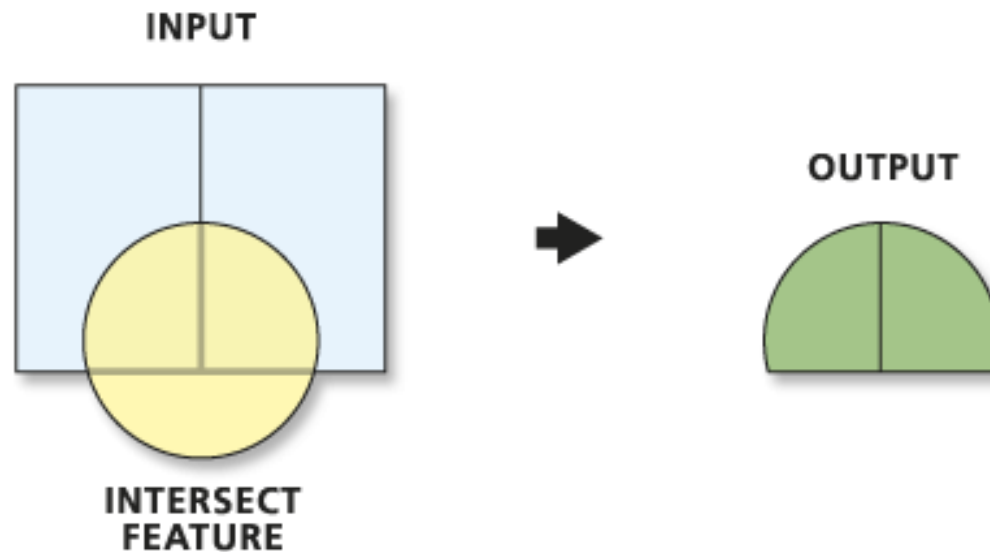
- Extracts the cells of a raster that correspond to the areas defined by a mask.
- Raster to raster data format



# ... *Important geo-processing tools:*

## Intersect (Analysis)

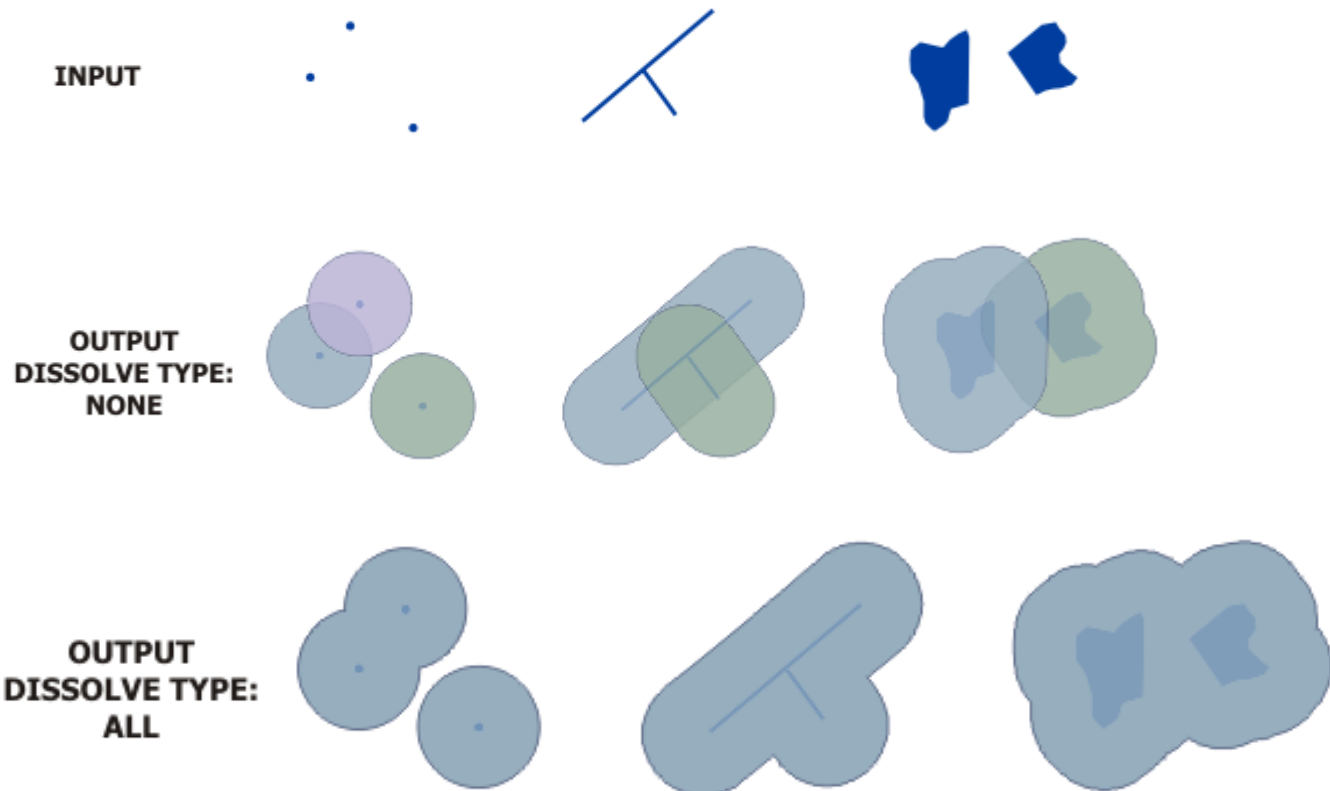
- computes a geometric intersection of the input features. Features or portions of features which overlap in all layers and/or feature classes will be written to the output feature class.



# ... *Important geo-processing tools:*

## Buffer (Analysis)

- Creates buffer polygons around input features to a specified distance.
- Need same coordinate system

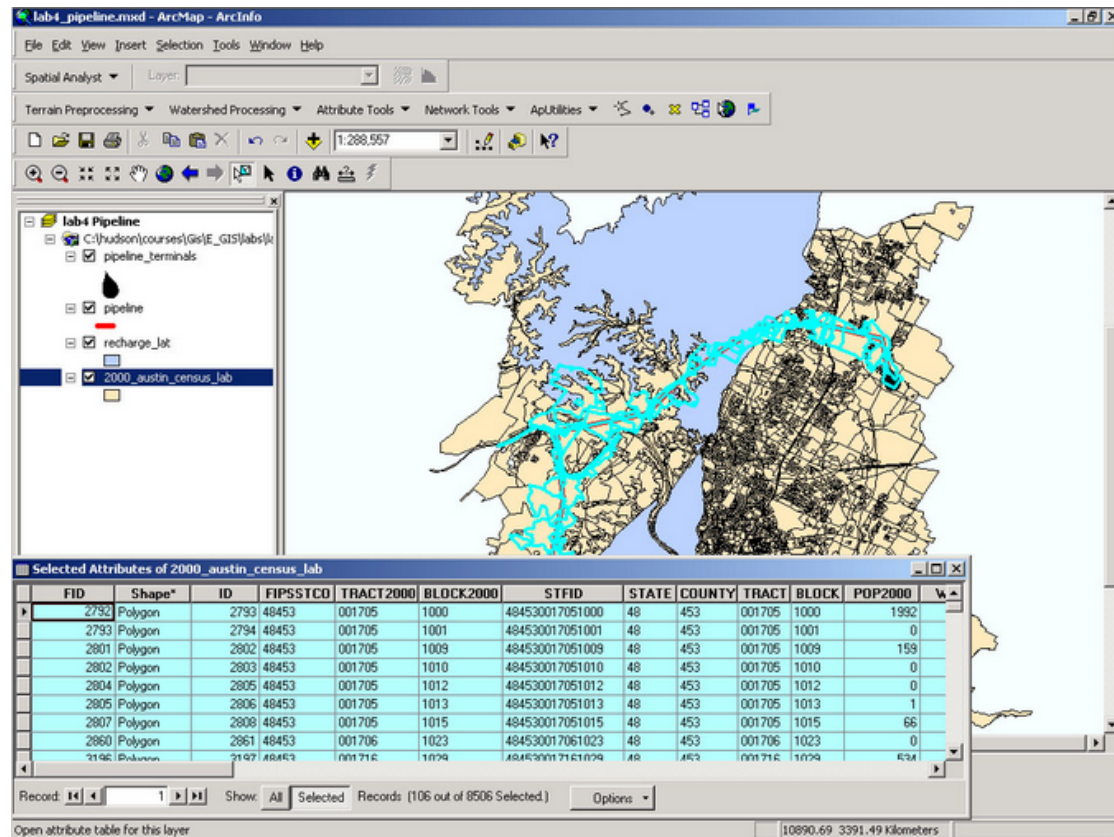




# ... Important geo-processing tools:

## Attribute table

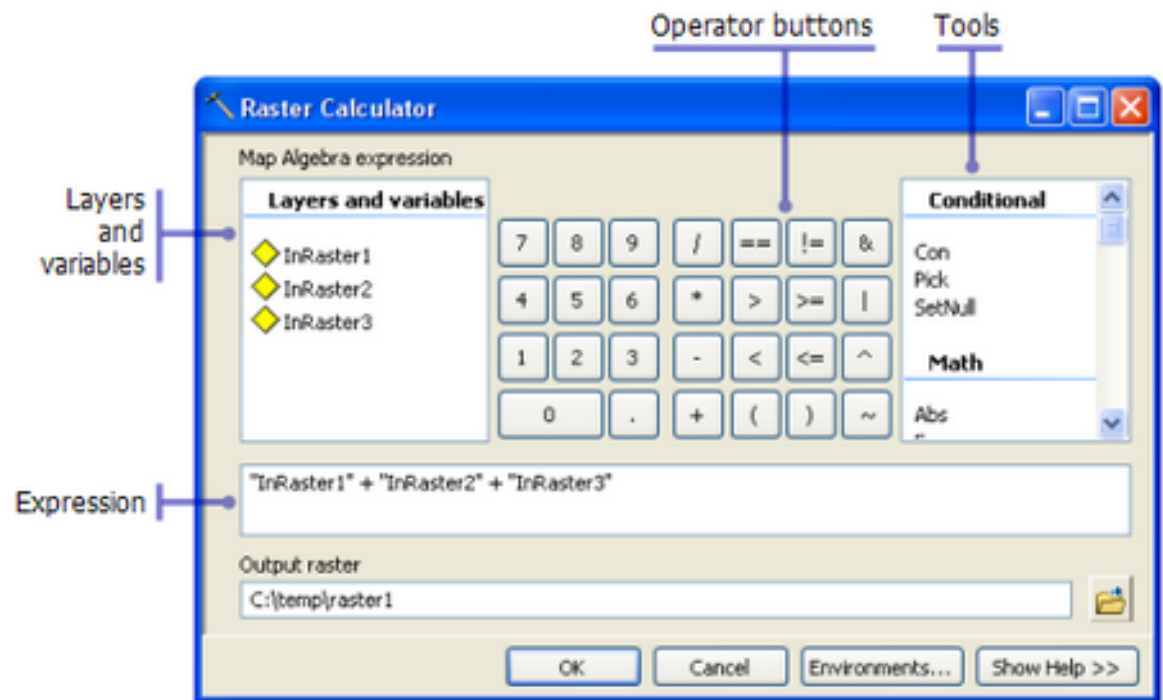
- A database or tabular file containing information about a set of geographic features, usually arranged so that each row represents a feature and each column represents one feature attribute



# ... *Important geo-processing tools:*

## Raster Calculator (Spatial Analyst)

- Builds and executes a single Map Algebra expression using Python syntax in a calculator-like interface.



Raster Calculator tool dialog box example

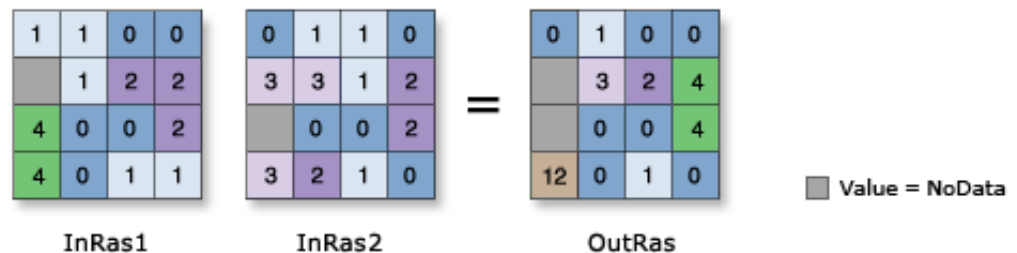
# ... *Important geo-processing tools:*

## Math Toolsets (Spatial Analyst)

- The Math toolset contains tools that perform mathematical operations on rasters

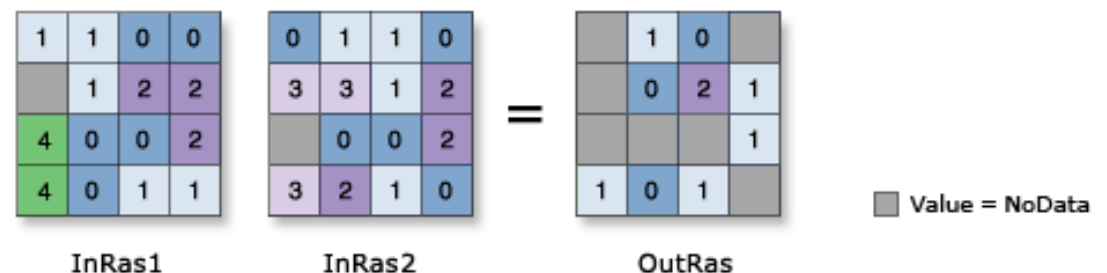
## Times (Spatial Analyst)

- Multiplies the values of two rasters on a cell-by-cell basis



## Divide (Spatial Analyst)

- Divides the values of two rasters on a cell-by-cell basis



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## *... Important geo-processing tools:*

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Importing maps and Exporting maps is best shown on the hands-on training

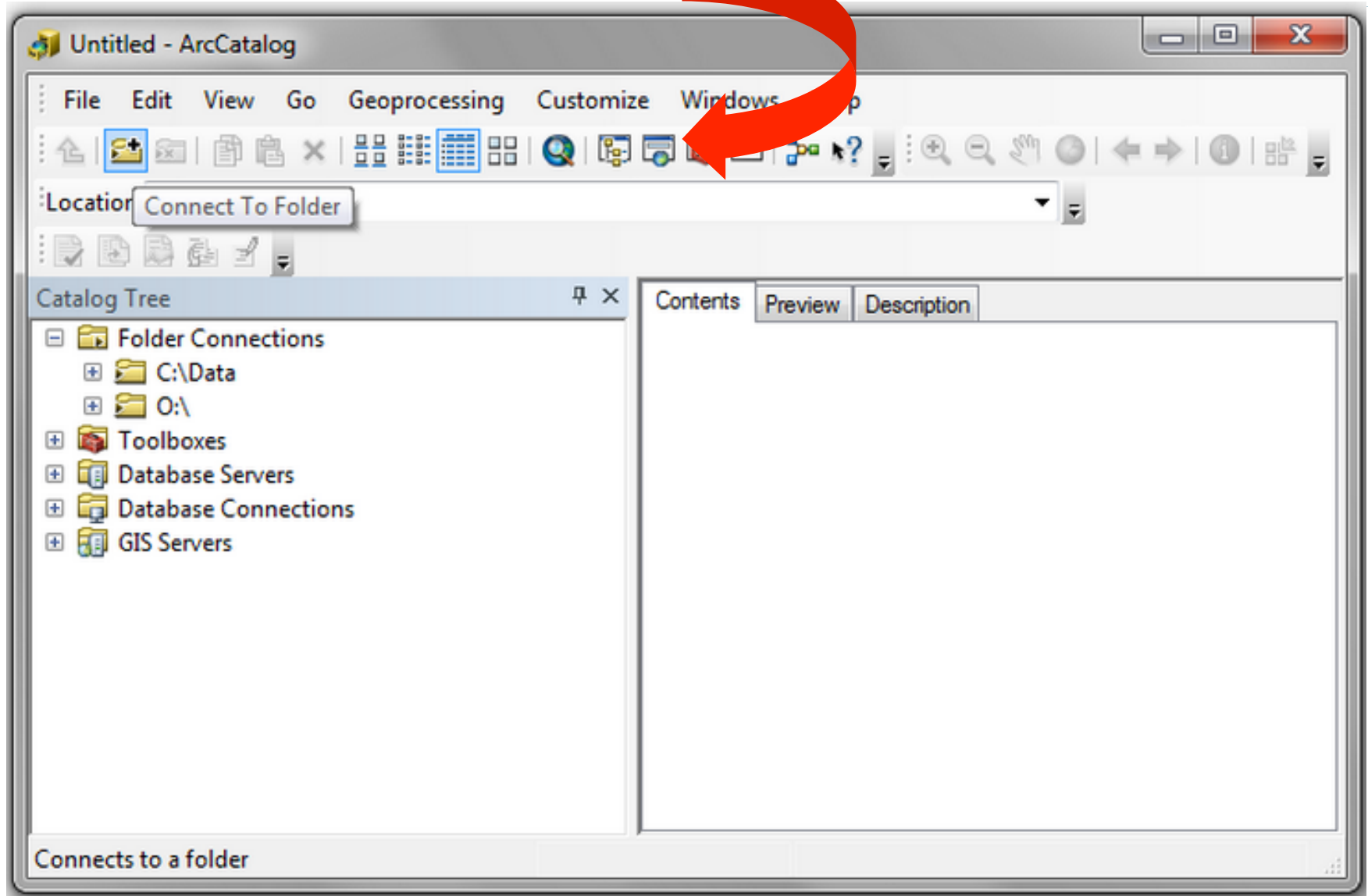
When in doubt???



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# Use the arcCatalog Search button!!!



# Summary

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- ArcGIS is an example of geo-information system under softwares
- rasters and vectors are the simplest data formats in GIS
- Geo-processing is important to manipulate spatial data
- Geo-processing tool automates mundane operations in GIS



# Questions????



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