



Water Accounts Overview

Physical Accounts

Michael Nagy
Environment and Multi-Domain Statistics Section
UNECE Statistical Division





Why water accounts?

- Organizing economic and hydrological information in the same way
- Enabling a consistent analysis of the contribution of water to the economy and the impact of the economy on water resources
- Ideal for addressing cross-sectoral issues (e.g. IWRM, MDGs, SDGs, etc.)



















What is important for producers of water accounts?

- 1. Knowing user needs
- 2. Conceptual understanding of water stocks and flows
- 3. Familiar with terms, definitions and classifications
- 4. Availability of basic water statistics and monetary data items
- 5. Understanding of main accounting principles
- 6. Understanding of structure of the water accounting tables.











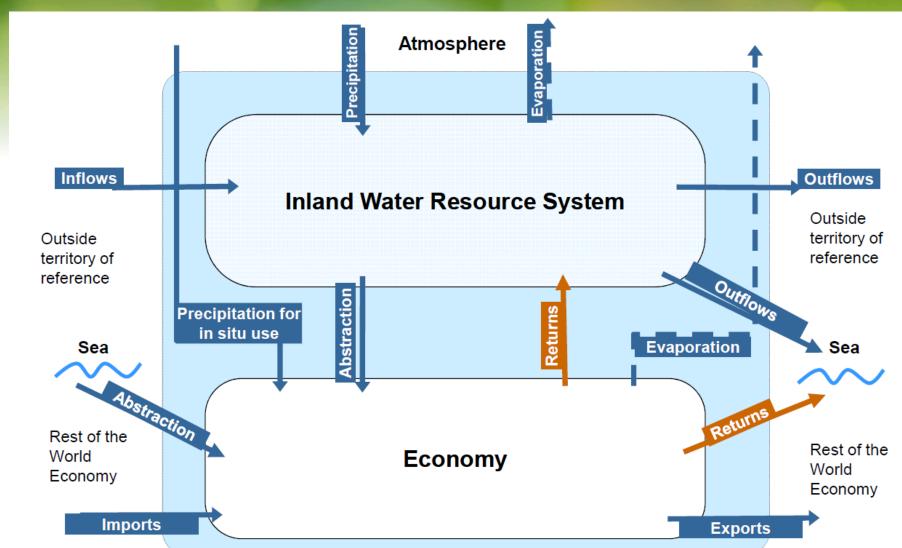






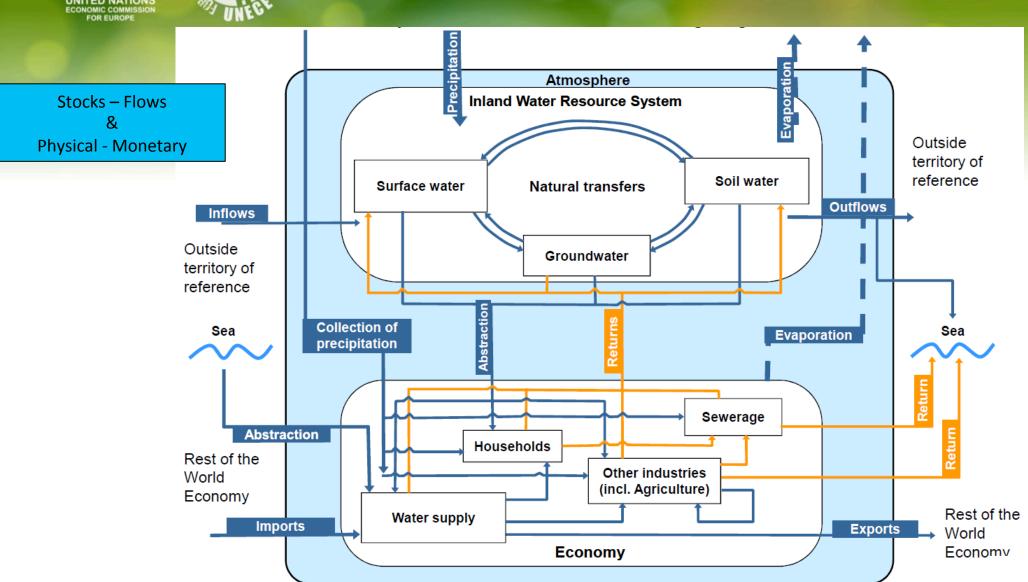


Stock-Flow Model of SEEA Water





Stock-Flow Model of SEEA Water







Terms, Definitions, Classifications

Classifications:

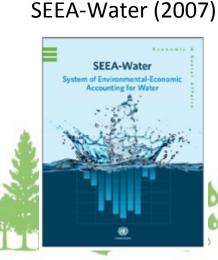
- Economic Activities: ISIC rev. 4.0
- Products: CPC ver. 2
- Environmental Assets

Terms, definitions, methodological guidance (see http://unstats.un.org/unsd/envaccounting/):

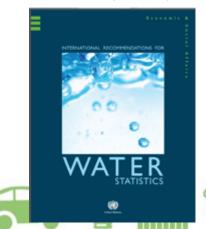
SEEA CF (2014)

System of Environmental-Economic

Accounting 2012



IRWS (2012)



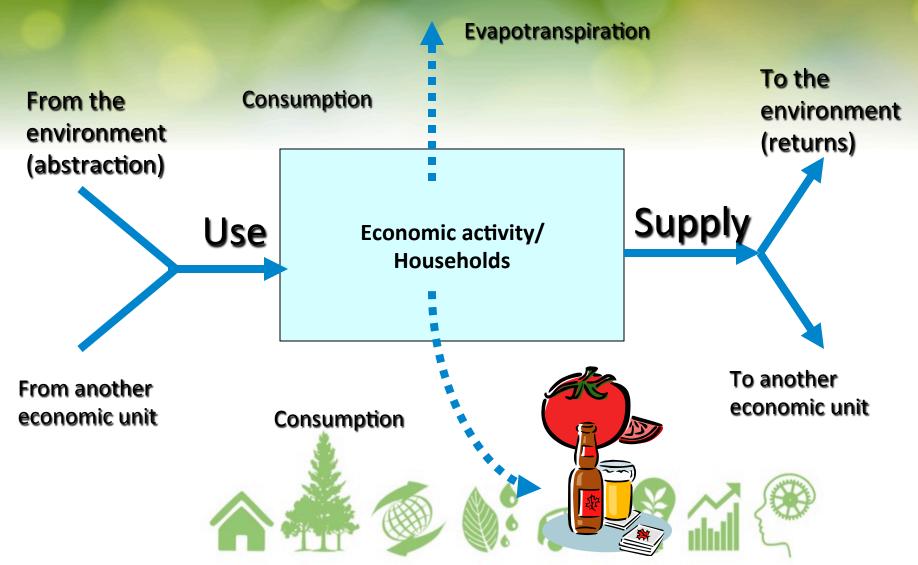
Methodological Guidelines (2014)







Basic concepts and definitions







Water Assets: Classification of inland water bodies

1. Surface water

- 1.1 Artificial reservoirs
- 1.2 Lakes
- 1.3 Rivers and streams
- 1.4 Glaciers, snow and ice
- 2. Groundwater
- 3. Soilwater

















Water-Tables in the SEEA-CF

- Physical supply table
- Physical use table
- Physical asset accounts
- Water emission accounts
- Supply and use table in physical and monetary terms
- + some additional tables for more details in SEEA-Water



















Physical Supply and Use Table

- 1. Flows from the environment to the economy
- 2. Flows from the economy to the environment
- 3. Flows within the economy









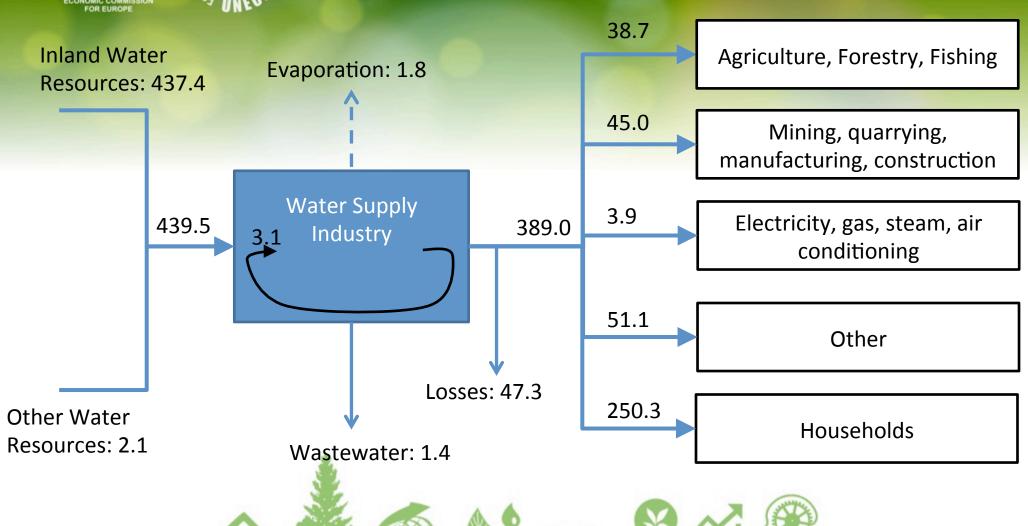








Water flow example





Reused water produced

To inland water resources

(IV) Return flows of water

To other sources

(V) Evaporation of abstracted water, transpiration and water incorporated into products

Total supply

Physical Supply Table (simplified)

42.7

227.5

256.3

627.3

0.7

0.7

3.6

55.7

4.6

0.2

10

250.3

Total supply

966.9

202.1

389.0

732.7

427.1

52.7

668.6

362.4

138.0

3939.5

1169.0

	CONG	,	3 Car		ייי	IGDI	C (51111)		G <i>j</i>	
	Abstra	ction of wa	ater; produ	uction of v	water; ge	neration of	return flows	RoW		
	01-03	05-33, 41-43	35	36	37	38, 39, 45-99	Households	Imports	Enviro nment	Ş
(I) Sources of abstracted water										
Inland water resources									966.9	
Other water resources									202.1	
(II) Abstracted water										
For distribution				389.0						
For own-use	108.4	114.6	404.2	3.1	100.1	2.3				
(III) Wastewater and reused water										
Wastewater	17.9	117.6	5.6	1.4		49.1	235.5			

10

23.5

5.9

43.2

314.8

300

100

2.5

812.3

47.3

1.8

442.6

65

76.2

267.5



Physical Supply Table (simplified)

	6	1000		- 600						A
	Abstrac	ction of wa	iter; prodi	uction of v	vater; ge	neration of	return flows	RoW		
	01-03	05-33, 41-43	35	36	37	38, 39, 45-99	Households	Imports	Enviro nment	Total supply
(I) Sources of abstracted water										
Inland water resources									966.9	966.9
Other water resources									202.1	202.1
(II) Abstracted water										
For distribution				389.0						389.0
For own-use	108.4	114.6	404.2	3.1				38.7		
(III) Wastewater and reused water					Inland \	Water ces: 437.4	vaporation: 1.8	45.0	Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing Mining, quarrying, manufacturing, construction	
Wastewater	17.9	117.6	5.6	1.4		439.5	Water Supply Industry	89.0 3.9	Electricity, gas	
Reused water produced		10		·				- 1	conditi	oning
(IV) Return flows of water							\downarrow	51.1	Oth	er
To inland water resources	65	23.5	300	47.3		Other Water Resources: 2.1 Wastewater: 1.4			House	nolds
To other sources		5.9	100	L	256.3		0.2			362.4
(V) Evaporation of abstracted water, transpiration and water incorporated into products	76.2	43.2	2.5	1.8	0.7	3.6	10			138.0
Total supply	267.5	314.8	812.3	442.6	627.3	55.7	250.3		1169.0	3939.5

Physical Use Table (simplified)

Total use

966.9

202.1

389.0

732.7

427.1

52.7

668.6

362.4

138.0

668.6

362.4

127.8

10.2

and Give	apie	(Sim	simpiliea)							
	Abstra	ction; inte	rmediate	consump	tion; retu	rn flows	F. cons.		RoW	
	01-03	05-33, 41-43	35	36	37	38, 39, 45-99	House holds	Accu m.	Expo rts	Enviro nment
(I) Sources of abstracted water										
Inland water resources	108.4	114.5	304.2	437.4	0.1	2.3				
Other water resources			100.0	2.1	100.0					
(II) Abstracted water										
Distributed water	38.7	45.0	3.9			51.1	250.3			
Own-use	108.4	114.6	404.2	3.1	100.1	2.3				
(III) Wastewater and reused water										
Wastewater received from other units					427.1					
Reused water	12.0	40.7								
(IV) Return flows of water										

To inland water

To other sources

(V) Evaporation of abstracted

incorporated into products

water, transpiration and water

resources

Physical Use Table (simplified)

	YE.		,				10		<u> </u>		
	Abstra	Abstraction; intermediate consumption; return flows							RoW		
	01-03	05-33, 41-43	35	36	37	38, 39, 45-99	House holds	Accu m.	Expo rts	Enviro nment	Total use
(I) Sources of abstracted water											
Inland water resources	108.4	114.5	304.2	437.4	0.1	2.3					966.9
Other water resources			100.0	2.1	100.0						202.1
(II) Abstracted water	•										
Distributed water	38.7	45.0	3.9			51.1	250.3				389.0
Own-use	108.4	114.6	404.2	3.1	100.1	2.3					732.7
(III) Wastewater and reused water						nd Water buces: 437.4	Evaporation: 1:	8	38.7	Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing	
Wastewater received from other units						439.5	Water Supply	349	45.0	manufacturir Electricity,	quarrying, gg, construction gas, steam, air
Reused water	12.0	40.7						$\supset \prod$		cond	tioning
(IV) Return flows of water									51.1	0	ther
To inland water resources					Other W Resource		Wastewater:	Losses: 47.3	290.3	Hous	eholds
To other sources										362.4	362.4
(V) Evaporation of abstracted water, transpiration and water incorporated into products								10.2		127.8	138.0

AND GREEN

W. Sala	AND G	BEEN.									
W/X	a CFU		Production of water; C	Generation of return	flows			Flows from the rest Flows from the of the world environment			e Total supply
	Agriculture, forestry and fishing	Mining & quarrying, Manufacturing and Construction	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	Water collection, treatment and supply	Sewerage	Other industries	Households		Imports	CHVIIOHIHEIIL	
(I) Sources of abstracted water											
Inland water resources											
Surface water											
Groundwater											
Soil water											
Total Other water governor											
Other water sources											
Precipitation See water											
Sea water Total											
Total supply abstracted water (II) Abstracted water											
For distribution											
For distribution For own-use											
(III) Wastewater and reused water) P		1								
Wastewater and reused water											
Wastewater to treatment	— — .	ıll Ph		I C	I.	, T	'_ _	_ / _			
Own treatment	<u></u> ⊢!	III PN	VSICA	ıSıır	יומנ	V I	anii	PI	rra-		
Reused water produced			yorda	. – 4	'	y '	401	~ \ \	/\	U . /	
For distribution				-							
For own use											
(IV) Return flows of water											
To inland water resources											
Surface water											
Ground water											
Soil water											
Total											
To other sources											
Total Return flows											
of which: Losses in distribution											
(V) Evaporation of abstracted wa		ion and water incorpor	rated into products								
Evaporation of abstracted water	_	and meet meet por	products								
Transpiration											
Water incorporated into products	s										
Total supply											
1 otal supply											



(I) Sources of abstracted water Inland water resources Surface water Groundwater

Own use Total

Transpiration

Total use

(IV) Return flows of water

Returns of water to the environment To inland water resources To other sources Total return flows

Evaporation of abstracted water

Water incorporated into products

(V) Evaporation of abstracted water, transpiration and water incorporated into products

Soil water	
Total	
Other water sources	
Precipitation	
Sea water	
Total	
Total use abstracted water	
(II) Abstracted water	
Distributed water	
Own use	
Own use (III) Wastewater and reused water	Eull Dhysical Uso Table (SEEA CE)
5 11 -	Full Physical Use Table (SEEA-CF)
(III) Wastewater and reused water	Full Physical Use Table (SEEA-CF)
(III) Wastewater and reused water Wastewater	Full Physical Use Table (SEEA-CF)
(III) Wastewater and reused water Wastewater Wastewater received from	Full Physical Use Table (SEEA-CF)
(III) Wastewater and reused water Wastewater Wastewater received from other units	Full Physical Use Table (SEEA-CF)

Electricity, gas,

steam and air

conditioning supply

Water collection, Sewerage Other

treatment and

supply

Final

consumption

Households

industries

Accumulation Flows to the rest of Flows to the

the world

Exports

Total use

environment





Physical Supply and Use Table: all rows in detail

(I) Sources of abstracted water

Inland water resources

Surface water

Groundwater

Soil water

Total

Other water sources

Precipitation

Sea water

Total

(II) Abstracted water

For distribution

For own-use

(III) Wastewater and reused water

Wastewater

Wastewater to treatment

Own treatment

Reused water produced

For distribution

For own use

Total

(IV) Return flows of water

To inland water resources

Surface water

Groundwater

Soil water

Total

To other sources

Total return flows

of which: Losses in distribution

(V) Evaporation of abstracted water, transpiration and water incorporated into products

Evaporation of abstracted water

Transpiration

Water incorporated into products

















Physical Asset Account

- Stock of water at the beginning and end of an accounting period
- Flows of water:
 - Abstracted by the economy
 - Returned by the economy
 - Added through precipitation
 - Evaporated and evapotranspirated
 - Changes through flows between different water resources



















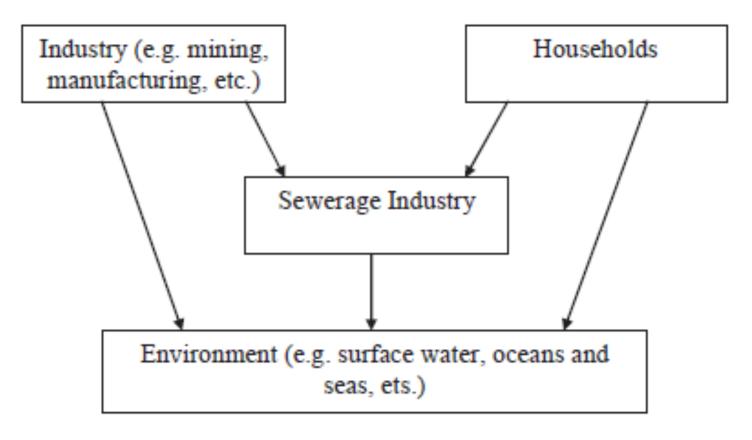
Physical Asset Account

			Type of wa	ter resource			
		Surface	water		Groundwate	r Soll water	
	Artificial reservoirs	Lakes	Rivers and streams	Glaciers, snow and Ice			Total
Opening stock of water resources	1 500	2 700	5 000		100 00	0 500	109 700
Additions to stock							
Returns	300		53	Linked with	n PSUT 31	5	669
Precipitation	124	246	50			23 015	23 435
Inflows from other territories			17 650				17 650
Inflows from other inland water resources	1 054	339	2 487		43	7 0	4 317
Discoveries of water in aquifers							
Total additions to stock	1 478	585	20 240		75	2 23 015	46 071
Reductions in stock							
Abstraction	280	20	141 Links	d with DCUT	47	6 50	967
for hydropower generation			Linke	d with PSUT			
for cooling water							
Evaporation and actual evapotranspiration	80	215	54			21 125	21 474
Outflows to other territores			9 430				9 430
Outflows to the sea			10 000				10 000
Outflows to other inland water resources	1 000	100	1 343		8	7 1 787	4 317
Total reductions in stock	1 360	335	20 968		56	3 22 962	46 188
Closing stock of water resources	1 618	2 950	4 272		100 18	9 553	109 583



Water Emissions Account

Emissions to water are substances released to water resources by establishments and households as a result of production, consumption and accumulation processes.



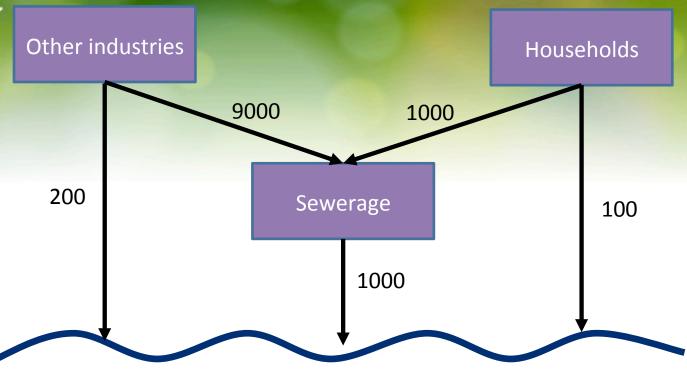


What do water emission accounts measure?

- Quantity of substances added to water by establishments and households during an accounting period.
- Quantities expressed in terms of mass (kilograms or tonnes)
- Water emission accounts cover:
 - a) Substances added to wastewater and collected in the sewerage system
 - b) Substances added to wastewater discharged directly to water bodies
 - c) Substances from non-point sources, for example, emissions and releases from urban runoff and emissions from agriculture



Emission Accounts: simplified example (e.g. Nitrogen)



Indicator examples:

Treatment efficiency of sewerage industry: 90%

Net emissions households: $100 + 1000 \times (1 - \text{treatment efficiency}) = 200$

Net emissions other industries: $200 + 9000 \times (1 - \text{treatment efficiency}) = 1100$

Total emissions: 100 + 1000 + 200 = 1300





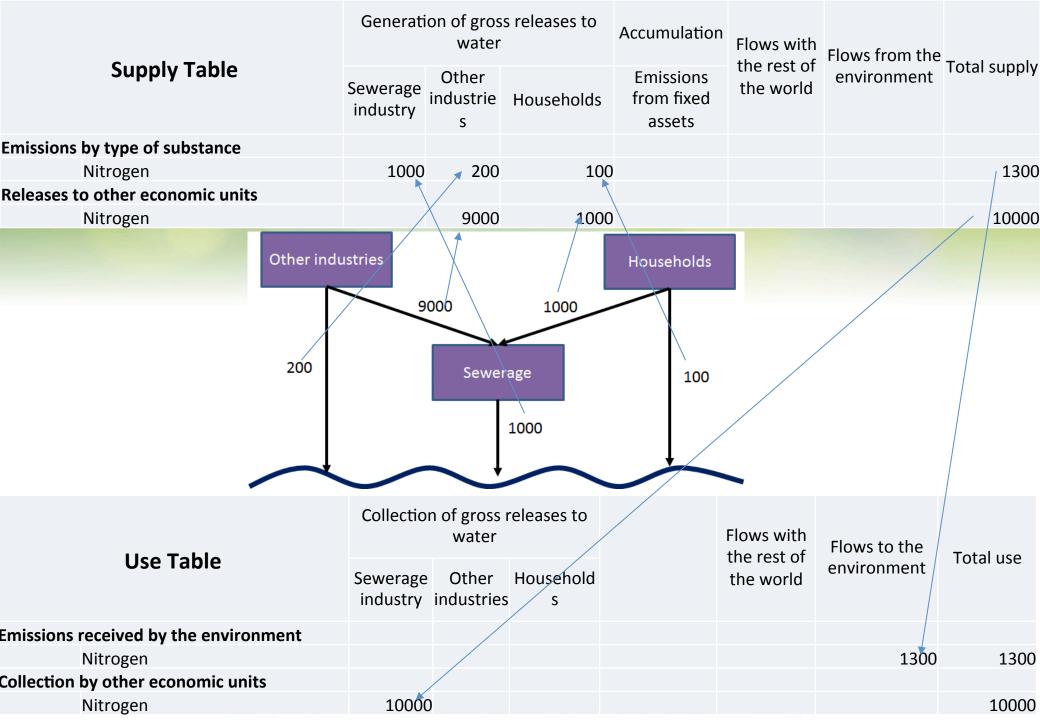
















Water Emissions: Supply Table

OR EUROPE UNE							
Physical supply table t	or gross rele	eases of sub	stances to v	vater			
	Generatio	n of gross re water	eleases to	Accumula- tion	Flows with the rest of the world Flows		
	Sewer- age industry	Other indus- tries	House- holds	Emissions from fixed assets		from the environ- ment	Total supply
Emissions by type of substance							
BOD/CODa	5 594	11 998	2 712				20 304
Suspended solids							
Heavy metals							
Phosphorus	836	1 587	533				2 956
Nitrogen	10 033	47 258	1 908				59 199
Releases to other economic units							
BOD/COD a		7 927	8 950				16 877
Suspended solids							
Heavy metals							
Phosphorus		814	6 786				7 600
Nitrogen		15 139	30 463				45 602





Water Emissions: Use Table

ORI	EUROPE							
	Physical use table for	gross release	es of subst	ances to wate	r			
		Generatio		eleases to		Flows with the rest of the world	. Flows to	
		Sewer- age industry	Other indus- tries	House- holds			the environ- ment	Total Use
	Emissions received by the environment							
	BOD/CODa						20 304	20 304
	Suspended solids							
	Heavy metals							
	Phosphorus						2 956	2 956
	Nitrogen						59 199	59 199
	Collection by other economic units							
	BOD/CODa	16 877						16 877
	Suspended solids							
	Heavy metals							
	Phosphorus	7 600						7 600
	Nitrogen	45 602						45 602



Take home messages

- Physical supply table, use table and asset account are linked with each other
- Recording of water flows according to accounting principles
- Most parts can be compiled from water statistics
- Benefits:
 - Integration with other accounts
 - Many important indicators can be derived
 - Useful for analysis of impact of economic changes on the environment
 - Useful for analysis of impact of changes of water availability on the economy



















Thank you for your attention!

michael.nagy@unece.org











